

System Impact Study For Extension for the Commencement of Transmission Service Requested By PECO Energy Power Team

From AEPW to Entergy For a Reserved Amount Of 400MW From 6/1/01 To 6/1/02

And From AEPW to Ameren For a Reserved Amount Of 400MW From 1/1/02 To 1/1/03

SPP Transmission Planning

SPP IMPACT STUDIES (#SPP-2001-006/007) February 22, 2001

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## **<u>1. Executive Summary</u>**

PECO Energy Power Team has requested system impact studies for extensions of commencement for long-term Firm Point-to-Point transmission service from AEPW to Entergy and AEPW to Ameren. The extension period of the AEPW to Entergy transaction is from 6/1/01 to 6/1/02. The request is for reservation 230097; totaling 400MW, replacing confirmed reservation 121376. The extension period of the AEPW to Ameren transaction is from 1/1/02 to 1/1/03. The request is for reservation 230098; totaling 400MW, replacing confirmed reservation 121377.

The principal objective of this study is to identify system problems and potential system modifications necessary to provide the 800MW of transfers while maintaining system reliability. The analysis completed in System Impact Study SPP-1999-012/013 for the 800MW of long-term Firm Point-to-Point transmission service from AEPW to Entergy and Ameren determined that the Network Facility Upgrades listed in <u>Table 1</u> are required. The following results are found for the requested extensions:

- No new Network Facility upgrades are required to accommodate the 400MW transfer from AEPW to Entergy extension from 6/1/01 to 6/1/02.
  New Network Facility Upgrades are required to fix the overloads listed in Table 2 and Table 2 to accommodate the extension of a 400MW transfer
  - <u>Table 2</u> and <u>Table 3</u> to accommodate the extension of a 400MW transfer from AEPW to Ameren from 1/1/02 to 1/1/03.

The SPP and effected member companies shall use due diligence to coordinate the addition of necessary facilities or transmission system upgrades to provide the requested transmission service. PECO is to compensate SPP for such costs pursuant to the terms of section 27 of the SPP Open Access Transmission Tariff. Expedited procedures for new facilities are available to PECO per section 19.8 of the SPP Open Access Transmission Service Tariff.

Engineering and construction of any new facilities or modifications will not start until after a transmission service agreement and/or construction agreement is in place and effected member companies receives the appropriate authorization to proceed from the SPP after they receive authorization from the transmission customer.

## **<u>2. Introduction</u>**

PECO Energy Power Team has requested two impact studies for transmission service from AEPW to Entergy and Ameren. The study results for the two requests are combined in this document.

The principal objective of the studies is to identify the restraints on the SPP Regional Tariff System that may limit the transfer too less than the 400MW transfers. This study includes a steady-state contingency analysis (PSS/E function ACCC) and Available Transfer Capability (ATC) analysis.

The steady-state analysis considers the impact of the 400MW transfers on transmission line loading and transmission bus voltages for outages of single and selected multiple transmission lines and transformers on the SPP system.

ATC analysis shows the amount of First Contingency Incremental Transfer Capabilities (FCITC) between the given study systems and what the limitations are, if any, for transferring up to the 400MW to Entergy from 6/1/01 to 6/1/02 and 400MW to Ameren from 1/1/02 to 1/1/03.

### 3. Study Methodology

### A. Description

The system impact study analyses were conducted to determine the impact of the 400MW transfer from AEPW to Entergy from 6/1/01 to 6/1/02 and 400MW transfer from AEPW to Ameren from 1/1/02 to 1/1/03 on the SPP system. The analyses were done using two steps. The first step was to study the steady-state analysis impact of the transfer. The second step was to study Available Transfer Capability (ATC) of the facilities identified in the steady-state analysis impact for the transfers.

The steady-state analysis was done to ensure current SPP Criteria and NERC Planning Standards requirements are fulfilled. The Southwest Power Pool (SPP) conforms to the NERC Planning Standards, which provide the strictest requirements, related to thermal overloads with a contingency. It requires that all facilities be within emergency ratings after a contingency. The ATC study portion was done using the requirements specified in the current SPP Criteria related to determination of ATC.

#### **B. Model Updates**

SPP used six seasonal models to study the two 400MW transfers. The SPP 2001 Series Cases 2001/02 Winter Peak, 2002 April (Spring Minimum), and 2002 Spring Peak were used to study the impact of the 400MW transfer to Entergy on the SPP system for a transaction period of 6/01/01 to 6/01/02. The SPP 2001 Series Cases 2001/02 Winter Peak, 2002 April (Spring Minimum), 2002 Spring Peak, 2002 Summer Peak, 2002 Fall Peak, and 2002/03 Winter Peak were used to study the impact of the 400MW transfer to Ameren on the SPP system during the transaction period of 1/01/02 to 1/01/03.

The chosen base case models were modified to reflect the most current modeling information. The cases were modified to reflect future firm transfers during the request period that were not already included in the January 2001 base case series models.

#### C. Transfer Analysis

Using the created models and the ACCC function of PSS\E, single and select double contingency outages were analyzed. Then full AC solution was used to obtain the most accurate results possible. Any facility overloaded, using MVA ratings, in the transfer case and not overloaded in the base case was flagged. The PSS/E options chosen to conduct the Impact Study analysis can be found in Appendix A.

### 4. Study Results

#### A. Study Analysis Results

<u>Table 1</u> includes the previously assigned facilities that are still the responsibility of the PECO Energy Power Team. No new limits were found in the 2001/02 Winter Peak, 2002 April and 2002 Spring Peak Models for the 400MW transfer from AEPW to Entergy. <u>Tables 2</u> and <u>3</u> contain the new overloads found for the 400MW transfer from AEPW to Ameren. <u>Table 2</u> contains the facility overloads on SPP Regional Tariff participants' transmission systems. <u>Table 3</u> documents overloads on Non SPP Regional Tariff participants' transmission systems. The tables identify the seasonal case in which the event occurred; the emergency rating of the overloaded circuit (Rate B), the contingent loading percentage of circuit with and without the studied transfer, the determined ATC value if calculated, any SPP identification or assignment of the event, and any solutions received from the transmission owners.

<u>**Table 1**</u> – Network Facility Upgrades Previously Assigned to the original 800MW of Transfers and still required for the 400MW Transfer from AEPW to Entergy and the 400MW Transfer from AEPW to Ameren.

NETWORK SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT	ENGINEERING &	ENGINEERING &
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	COSTS (\$ 1999 )	LEAD TIME
Change out three(3) 138kV 600A disconnect		
switches at Tulsa Power Station (CB 1333A)		
with new 2000A switches (TPS to Carson Tap		
overload)	\$55,000	Complete
Change out three(3) 138kV 600A disconnect		
switches at Tulsa Power Station (CB 1329A)		
with new 2000A switches (TPS to Oaks		
overload)	\$55,000	Complete
Change out three(3) 138kV 600A disconnect		
switches at Tulsa Power Station (CB 1313A)		
with new 2000A switches (TPS to Riverside		
overload)	\$55,000	Complete
Change out 500 CU jumpers at Dyess substation		
with 750 Cu jumpers (Dyess to East Rogers		
overload)	\$10,000	Complete
Reconductor & Rebuild Riverside -Beeline		
(OG&E) 138kV line 81-523. Reconductor 1.9		
miles owned by PSO & rebuild 2.81 miles of		
OG&E owned line.	\$600,000	Complete
TOTAL	\$775,000	

Study Year	From -To Area(s)	Branch Over 100% Rate B	RATE B <mva></mva>	No Transfer Case %Loading	Transfer Case %Loading	Branch Outage That Caused Overload	ATC <mw></mw>	Limiting Element, Available Solution and Cost, or Previous Assignment
		OSAGE TO CONTINENTAL BLACKS, 69KV				KILDARE TAP TO WHITE EAGLE 138KV		
01WP	OKGE-OKGE	54742 OSAGE 269.0 to 54763 CONBLKS269.0 CKT 1	72	95.5	100.6	54760 KILDARE4 138 to 54761 WHEAGLE4 138 CKT1	355	Replace 600A Switches with 1200A
		EAST CENTERTON to GENTRY REC, 161KV				DYESS TO ELM SPRINGS REC, 161KV		Assigned To 1999-010 2008SP E.Centerton 161kV Breaker & Switch Replacements, Gentry Tap 161kV Line Switch Replacement \$167,960
02SP	AEPW-AEPW	53133 ECNTRTN5 161 to 53187 GENTRYR5 161 CKT 1	335	99.6	101.0	53131 DYESS 5 161 to 53194 ELMSPRR5 161 CKT1	119	Accelerated construction required.
		OSAGE TO CONTINENTAL BLACKS, 69KV				KILDARE TAP TO WHITE EAGLE 138KV		
02FA	OKGE-OKGE	54742 OSAGE 269.0 to 54763 CONBLKS269.0 CKT 1	72	97.2	102.2	54760 KILDARE4 138 to 54761 WHEAGLE4 138 CKT1	227	Replace 600A Switches with 1200A
		OSAGE TO CONTINENTAL BLACKS, 69KV				KILDARE TAP TO WHITE EAGLE 138KV		
02WP	OKGE-OKGE	54742 OSAGE 269.0 to 54763 CONBLKS269.0 CKT 1	72	96.3	101.5	54760 KILDARE4 138 to 54761 WHEAGLE4 138 CKT1	294	Replace 600A Switches with 1200A

## <u>**Table 2</u>** - SPP Facility overloads caused by the 400MW AEPW to AMRN transfer.</u>

Study Year	From -To Area(s)	Branch Over 100% Rate B	RATE B <mva></mva>	No Transfer Case %Loading	Transfer Case %Loading	Branch Outage That Caused Overload	ATC <mw></mw>
		CARTHAGE TO REEDS, 69KV				CARTHAGE TO JASPER, 69KV	
01WP	SWPA-AECI	52690 CARTHG 269.0 to 96751 2REEDS 69.0 CKT 1	36	98.9	104.9	52690 CARTHG 269.0 to 96649 2JASPER 69.0 CKT 1	81
		CARTHAGE TO JASPER, 69KV				BUTLER TO ADRIAN, 161KV	
02SP	SWPA-AECI	52690 CARTHG 269.0 to 96649 2JASPER 69.0 CKT 1	47	97.7	101.9	59216 BUTLER_5 161 to 59240 ADRIAN 5 161 CKT1	100
		CARTHAGE TO REEDS, 69KV				AURORA TO MONETT, 161KV	
02SP	SWPA-AECI	52690 CARTHG 269.0 to 96751 2REEDS 69.0 CKT 1	36	98.7	105.5	59468 AUR124 5 161 to 59480 MON383 5 161 CKT1	79
		CARTHAGE TO REEDS, 69KV				CARTHAGE TO JASPER, 69KV	
02WP	SWPA-AECI	52690 CARTHG 269.0 to 96751 2REEDS 69.0 CKT 1	43	95.2	101.4	52690 CARTHG 269.0 to 96649 2JASPER 69.0 CKT1	326

<u>**Table 3**</u> - Non-SPP Facility overloads caused by the 400MW AEPW to AMRN transfer.

## 5. Conclusion

The results of the study show that:

- 1. The 400MW transfer from AEPW to Entergy from 6/01/01 to 6/01/02 can be accepted without any additional Network Facility Upgrades.
- 2. The 400MW transfer to Ameren from 1/01/02 to 1/01/03 can take place, system improvements will need to be completed. The facilities identified in the System Impact Study will be required before the 400MW transmission service to Ameren can take place in order to maintain system reliability.

The final cost assignment of the additional Network Facilities Upgrades found in <u>Table 2</u> will be determined upon the completion of a facility study. The Associated Electric Coop's Carthage to Jasper and Reeds lines found in <u>Table 3</u> are third-party lines. For these third-party facilities, the transmission customer is responsible for obtaining arrangements for any construction upgrades on the facility per Section 21.1 of the SPP OATT. If requested, SPP is willing to undertake reasonable efforts to assist the transmission customer in making any arrangements for necessary engineering, permitting, and construction of transmission limiting facilities.

## Appendix A

#### PSS/E CHOICES IN RUNNING LOAD FLOW PROGRAM AND ACCC

#### BASE CASES:

Solutions - Fixed slope decoupled Newton-Raphson solution (FDNS)

- 1. Tap adjustment Stepping
- 2. Area interchange control Tie lines only
- 3. Var limits Apply immediately
- 4. Solution options  $\underline{X}$  Phase shift adjustment
  - \_ Flat start
  - \_Lock DC taps
  - \_Lock switched shunts

#### ACCC CASES:

Solutions – AC contingency checking (ACCC)

- 1. MW mismatch tolerance -1.0
- 2. Contingency case rating Rate B
- 3. Percent of rating -100
- 4. Output code Summary
- 5. Min flow change in overload report -1 mw
- 6. Excld cases w/ no overloads form report YES
- 7. Exclude interfaces from report NO
- 8. Perform voltage limit check YES
- 9. Elements in available capacity table 60000
- 10. Cutoff threshold for available capacity table 99999.0
- 11. Min. contng. case Vltg chng for report -0.02
- 12. Sorted output None

Newton Solution:

- 1. Tap adjustment Stepping
- 2. Area interchange control Tie lines only
- 3. Var limits Apply automatically
- 4. Solution options  $\underline{X}$  Phase shift adjustment
  - \_ Flat start
  - \_Lock DC taps
  - \_Lock switched shunts