

# System Impact Study SPP-2007-004 For Transmission Service Requested By: KEPC

## From SWPA to EMDE

## For a Reserved Amount Of 6 MW From 03/29/07 To 03/27/08

SPP IMPACT STUDY (SPP-2007-004) February 21, 2007 1 of 7

## SPP Transmission Planning

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### **1. Executive Summary**

KEPC has requested a system impact study for monthly firm transmission service from SWPA to EMDE. The period of the transaction is from 03/29/07 to 03/27/08. The request is for reservation 1219614 for the amount of 6 MW.

The 6 MW transaction from SWPA to EMDE has an impact on the following flowgate with no AFC: MUSCLAMUSRSS. To provide the AFC necessary for this transfer, the impact on these flowgates must be relieved.

After studying many scenarios using curtailment of reservations and generation redispatch, there are several feasible scenarios that will relieve the flowgate(s) in question.

## 2. Introduction

KEPC has requested a system impact study for transmission service from SWPA to EMDE.

There is one constrained flowgate that requires relief in order for this reservation to be accepted. The flowgate and the explanation are as follows:

- MUSCLAMUSRSS: Muskogee to Clarksville 345 kV line for the loss of Muskogee to Riverside 345 kV line

### 3. Study Methodology

#### A. Description

Southwest Power Pool used Managing and Utilizing System Transmission (MUST) to obtain possible unit pairings that would relieve the constraint. MUST calculates impacts on monitored facilities for all units within the Southwest Power Pool Footprint. The SPP ATC Calculator is used to determine response factors for the time period of the reservation.

#### B. Model Updates

The 2006 Southwest Power Pool model was used for the study. This model was updated to reflect the most current information available.

#### C. Transfer Analysis

Using the short-term calculator, the limiting constraints for the transfer are identified. The response factor of the transfer on each constraint is also determined.

The product of the transfer amount and the response factor is the impact of a transfer on a limiting flowgate that must be relieved. With multiple flowgates affected by a transfer, relief of the largest impact may also provide relief of smaller impacts.

Using Managing and Utilizing System Transmission (MUST), specific generator pairs are chosen to reflect the units available for redispatch. The quotient of the amount of impact that must be relieved and the generation sensitivity factor calculated by MUST is the amount of redispatch necessary to relieve the impact on the affected flowgate.

## 4. Study Results

After studying the impacts of request 1219614, one flowgate requires relief. The flowgate and associated amount of relief is as follows:

#### Table 1

Flowgates	Sensitivity (%)	Duration	Required Relief (MW)
MUSCLAMUSRSS	10.7	March 2007 – March 2008	1

Table 2 displays a list of reservation paths that offer relief for the flowgates in question.

#### Table 2

Transactions Path	MUSCLAMUSRSS Sensitivity (%)	
SWPA – EMDE	10.7	

Table 3 displays the amount of capacity required for each reservation path to relieve the flowgates in question.

#### Table 3

Transactions Path	MUSCLAMUSRSS Sensitivity (MW)
SWPA – EMDE	6

### 5. Conclusion

Reservation curtailment and generation redispatch options were studied in order to relieve the necessary constraint. The results of this study shows that the constraints on the flowgates in question could be relieved by executing one or more of the options described in the Study Results section of this document. Before the Transmission Provider accepts the reservations, proof of the necessary relief options must be presented to Southwest Power Pool. Noncompliance with this guideline will result in the refusal of the reservation.