

# System Impact Study SPP-2006-035 For Transmission Service Requested By: Cargill

# From WERE to ERCOTN

# For a Reserved Amount Of 207 MW From 4/15/06 To 4/28/06

SPP IMPACT STUDY (SPP-2006-035) March 28, 2006 1 of 7

# SPP Transmission Planning

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### **1. Executive Summary**

Cargill has requested a system impact study for daily firm transmission service from WERE to ERCOTN. The period of the transaction is from 4/15/06 to 4/28/06. The request is for reservations 1057062 and 1057063 for the total amount of 207 MW.

The 207 MW transaction from WERE to ERCOTN has an impact on the following flowgate with no AFC: SPHWMCSUMEMC. To provide the AFC necessary for this transfer, the impact on these flowgates must be relieved.

After studying many scenarios using curtailment of reservations and generation redispatch, there are several feasible scenarios that will relieve the flowgate(s) in question.

# 2. Introduction

Cargill has requested a system impact study for transmission service from WERE to ERCOTN.

There is one constrained flowgates that requires relief in order for this reservation to be accepted. The flowgate and explanation is as follows:

- SPHWMCSUMEMC: South Phillips to West McPherson 115 kV line for the loss of Summit to East McPherson 230 kV line

### 3. Study Methodology

#### A. Description

Southwest Power Pool used Managing and Utilizing System Transmission (MUST) to obtain possible unit pairings that would relieve the constraint. MUST calculates impacts on monitored facilities for all units within the Southwest Power Pool Footprint. The SPP ATC Calculator is used to determine response factors for the time period of the reservation.

#### B. Model Updates

The 2005 Southwest Power Pool model was used for the study. This model was updated to reflect the most current information available.

#### C. Transfer Analysis

Using the short-term calculator, the limiting constraints for the transfer are identified. The response factor of the transfer on each constraint is also determined.

The product of the transfer amount and the response factor is the impact of a transfer on a limiting flowgate that must be relieved. With multiple flowgates affected by a transfer, relief of the largest impact may also provide relief of smaller impacts.

Using Managing and Utilizing System Transmission (MUST), specific generator pairs are chosen to reflect the units available for redispatch. The quotient of the amount of impact that must be relieved and the generation sensitivity factor calculated by MUST is the amount of redispatch necessary to relieve the impact on the affected flowgate.

## 4. Study Results

After studying the impacts of requests 1057062 and 1057063 one flowgate requires relief. The flowgate and associated amount of relief is as follows:

#### Table 1

Flowgates	Sensitivity (%)	Duration	Required Relief (MW)
SPHWMCSUMEMC	5.4	October 8 - 29	12

Table 2 displays a list of generator pairs that are possible relief options for the flowgates in question.

#### Table 2

Source	Sink	SPHWMCSUMEMC Sensitivity (%)
Hutchinson 4 (WERE)	JEC (WERE)	22.3

Table 3 displays the amount of redispatch capacity necessary for each generator pair.

#### Table 3

Source	Sink	SPHWMCSUMEMC Sensitivity (MW)
Hutchinson 4 (WERE)	JEC (WERE)	54

## 5. Conclusion

Reservation curtailment and generation redispatch options were studied in order to relieve the necessary constraint. The results of this study shows that the constraints on the flowgates in question could be relieved by executing one or more of the options described in the Study Results section of this document. Before the Transmission Provider accepts the reservations, proof of the necessary relief options must be presented to Southwest Power Pool. Noncompliance with this guideline will result in the refusal of the reservation.