# For a Reserved Amount Of 150MW <br> From 1/1/2006 To 1/1/2008 

SPP Engineering, Tariff Studies
SPP IMPACT STUDY (SPP-2005-010-1P)

## System Impact Study

Calpine Energy Services L.P. has requested a system impact study for long-term Firm Point-to-Point transmission service from OPPD to ERCOTE for 150 MW . The period of the service requested is from $1 / 1 / 2006$ to $1 / 1 / 2008$. The OASIS reservation numbers are 826686,826687 , and 826688 . This is a request to redirect previously confirmed OASIS reservations 696694,696688 , and 696691 . Oasis Reservations 696694, 696688, and 696691 are 50 MW requests from CLEC to ERCOTE. The principal objective of this study is to identify system constraints on the SPP Regional Tariff System and potential system facility upgrades that may be necessary to provide the requested service.

This study was performed for the OPPD to ERCOTE request in order to provide preliminary results identifying facility upgrades that may be required for the requested service. The requested service was modeled as a transfer from the specified source in the OPPD Control Area to the ERCOTE HVDC Tie. The preliminary study is performed with only confirmed reservations included in the models. The models do not include any reservations, even those with a higher priority, that are still in study mode. The results of the transfer analyses are documented in Tables $1, \underline{2}$, and $\underline{3}$ of the report. Table 1 summarizes the results of the Scenario 1 system impact analysis. Table 2 summarizes the results of the Scenario 2 system impact analysis. Table 3 summarizes the results of the Scenario 3 system impact analysis. The primary purpose of this preliminary study is to provide the customer with an estimated cost of the facility upgrades that may be required in order to accommodate the requested service. The preliminary study is performed by monitoring each facility at $90 \%$ of its rating.

Eight seasonal models were used to study the OPPD to ERCOTE request for the requested service period. The SPP 2005 Series Cases Update 1, 2006 April Minimum (06AP), 2006 Spring Peak (06G), 2006 Summer Peak (06SP), 2006 Summer Shoulder (06SH), 2006 Fall Peak (06FA), 2006/07 Winter Peak (06WP), 2007 Summer Peak (07SP), and 2007/08 Winter Peak (07WP) were used to study the impact of the request on the SPP system during the requested service period of $1 / 1 / 2006$ to $1 / 1 / 2008$. The chosen base case models were modified to reflect the most current modeling information. The cases were modified to reflect firm transfers during the requested service period that were not already included in the January 2005 base case series models. From the eight seasonal models, three system scenarios were developed. Scenario 1 includes confirmed West to East transfers not already included in the January 2005 base case series models, SPS Exporting (including the Lamar HVDC Tie flowing from SPS to Lamar), and ERCOT importing. Scenario 2 includes confirmed East to West transfers not already included in the January 2005 base case series models, SPS Importing (including the Lamar HVDC Tie flowing from Lamar to SPS), and ERCOT importing. Scenario 3 includes confirmed West to East transfers not already included in the January 2005 base case series models, SPS Importing (including the Lamar HVDC Tie flowing from Lamar to SPS), and ERCOT importing.

PTI's MUST First Contingency Incremental Transfer Capability (FCITC) DC analysis was used to study the request. The MUST options chosen to conduct the System Impact Study analysis can be found in Appendix A. The MUST option to convert MVA branch ratings to estimated MW ratings was used to partially compensate for reactive loading.

These study results are preliminary estimates only and are not intended for use in final determination of the granting of service. These results do not include an evaluation of potential constraints in the planning horizon beyond the reservation period that may limit the right to renew service. Also, these results do not include third party constraints in Non-SPP control areas. Any solutions, upgrades, and costs provided in the preliminary System Impact Study are planning estimates only.

SPP will also review the possibility of curtailment of previously confirmed service and/or the redispatch of units as an option for relieving the additional impacts on the SPP facilities caused by the OPPD to ERCOTE request. It is the responsibility of the customer to reach an agreement with the applicable party concerning the curtailment of confirmed service and the redispatch of units. The curtailment and redispatch requirements would be called upon prior to implementing NERC TLR Level 5a. These options will be evaluated as part of the Aggregate System Impact Study. Execution of a Facility Study Agreement is not required at this time to maintain queue position. The final upgrade solutions, cost assignments, available redispatch, and curtailment options will be determined upon the completion of the Aggregate System Impact Study and Facility Study. An Aggregate System Impact Study Agreement will be tendered prior to the close of the first open season, June 1, 2005.

Table 1 - SPP facility overloads identified for the OPPD to ERCOTE transfer using Scenario 1



| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Study } \\ \text { Case } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | From Area - To Area | Branch Overload | Rating <br> <MW> | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { BC \% } \\ \text { Loading } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { TC \% } \\ \text { Loading } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \%TDF | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Original } \\ \text { \%TC } \\ \text { Loading } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Original \%TDF | Outaged Branch Causing Overload | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { ATC } \\ <\mathrm{MW}> \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Solution | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Estimated } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 06AP |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| 06G |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| 06SP | MIPU-MIPU | 59253 ST JOE 516159258 WOODBIN 51611 | 202 | 103.3 | 105.6 | 3.1020 | 103.4 | 0.1340 | 59253 ST JOE 516159257 COOK 51611 | 0 | Solution Undetermined | TBD |
| 06SP | MIPU-MIPU | 59254 EAST 516159258 WOODBIN 51611 | 203 | 93.9 | 96.2 | 3.1020 | 94.0 | 0.1340 | 59253 ST JOE 516159257 COOK 51611 | 150 | Solution Undetermined | TBD |
| 06SH |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| 06FA |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| 06WP |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| 07SP | MIPU-MIPU | 59253 ST JOE 516159258 WOODBIN 51611 | 202 | 102.4 | 104.7 | 3.0970 | 102.5 | 0.1360 | 59253 ST JOE 516159257 COOK 51611 | 0 | Solution Undetermined | TBD |
| 07SP | MIPU-MIPU | 59254 EAST 516159258 WOODBIN 51611 | 203 | 93.1 | 95.3 | 3.0970 | 93.2 | 0.1360 | 59253 ST JOE 516159257 COOK 51611 | 150 | Solution Undetermined | TBD |
| 07SP |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| 07WP |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | This cost may be higher due to additional facilities whose solutions will be determined during the Facility Study process | \$* |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Cost with Facilities Monitored @ 90\% Loading | \$- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Cost with Facilities Monitored @ 100\% Loading | \$- |

$\underline{\text { Table } 3}$ - SPP facility overloads identified for the OPPD to ERCOTE transfer using Scenario 3

| Study | $\underset{\text { Area }}{\text { From }}$ | Branch Overload | Rating <MW> | BC \% Loading | TC \% Loading | \%TDF | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Original } \\ \text { \%TC } \\ \text { Loading } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Original \%TDF | Outaged Branch Causing Overload | $\begin{gathered} \text { ATC } \\ <M W> \end{gathered}$ | Solution | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimated } \\ \text { Cost } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 06AP |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| 06G | AEPW-SWPA | 54015 CRAIGJT 413852814 BRKN BW4 1381 | 107 | 90.4 | 96.0 | 4.0140 | 93.2 | 2.0490 | 55823 BBDAMTP4 13856004 MTRIVER 41381 | 150 | See previous upgrade specified for facility in scenario 1 |  |
| 06SP | MIPU-MIPU | 59253 ST JOE 516159258 WOODBIN 51611 | 201 | 100.0 | 102.3 | 3.1020 | 100.1 | 0.1340 | 59253 ST JOE 516159257 COOK 51611 | 1 | Solution Undetermined | TBD |
| 06SP | MIPU-MIPU | 59254 EAST 516159258 WOODBIN 51611 | 203 | 90.6 | 92.9 | 3.1020 | 90.7 | 0.1340 | 59253 ST JOE 516159257 COOK 51611 | 150 | Solution Undetermined | TBD |
| 06SH |  | NONE IDENTIFIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |
| 06FA | AEPW-SWPA | 54015 CRAIGJT 413852814 BRKN BW4 1381 | 107 | 103.5 | 109.1 | 4.0050 | 106.4 | 2.0490 | 55823 BBDAMTP4 13856004 MTRIVER 41381 | 0 | See previous upgrade specified for facility in scenario 1 |  |
| 06 WP | AEPW-SWPA | 54015 CRAIGJT 413852814 BRKN BW4 1381 | 107 | 90.9 | 96.5 | 4.0050 | 93.8 | 2.0500 | 55823 BBDAMTP4 13856004 MTRIVER 41381 | 150 | See previous upgrade specified for facility in scenario 1 |  |
| 07SP | MIPU-MIPU | 59253 ST JOE 516159258 WOODBIN 51611 | 201 | 99.0 | 101.3 | 3.0970 | 99.1 | 0.1360 | 59253 ST JOE 516159257 COOK 51611 | 63 | Solution Undetermined | TBD |
| 07SP | AEPW-SWPA | 54015 CRAIGJT 413852814 BRKN BW4 1381 | 107 | 87.5 | 93.1 | 4.0290 | 90.4 | 2.0660 | 55823 BBDAMTP4 13856004 MTRIVER 41381 | 150 | See previous upgrade specified for facility in scenario 1 |  |
| 07SP | MIPU-MIPU | 59254 EAST 516159258 WOODBIN 51611 | 203 | 89.7 | 91.9 | 3.0970 | 89.8 | 0.1360 | 59253 ST JOE 516159257 COOK 51611 | 150 | Solution Undetermined | TBD |
| 07WP | AEPW-SWPA | 54015 CRAIGJT 413852814 BRKN BW4 1381 | 107 | 95.0 | 100.7 | 4.0160 | 97.9 | 2.0640 | 55823 BBDAMTP4 13856004 MTRIVER 41381 | 132 | See previous upgrade specified for facility in scenario 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | This cost may be higher due to additional facilities whose solutions will be determined during the Facility Study process | \$* |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Cost with Facilities Monitored @ 90\% Loading | \$- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Cost with Facilities Monitored @ $100 \%$ Loading | \$- |

## Appendix A

## MUST CHOICES IN RUNNING FCITC DC ANALYSIS

## CONSTRAINTS/CONTINGENCY INPUT OPTIONS

1. AC Mismatch Tolerance -2 MW
2. Base Case Rating - Rate A
3. Base Case $\%$ of Rating $-90 \%$
4. Contingency Case Rating - Rate B
5. Contingency Case $\%$ of Rating - $90 \%$
6. Base Case Load Flow - Do not solve AC
7. Convert branch ratings to estimated MW ratings - Yes
8. Contingency ID Reporting - Labels
9. Maximum number of contingencies to process -50000

## MUST CALCULATION OPTIONS

1. Phase Shifters Model for DC Linear Analysis - Constant flow for Base Case and Contingencies
2. Report Base Case Violations with FCITC - Yes
3. Maximum number of violations to report in FCITC table - 50000
4. Distribution Factor (OTDF and PTDF) Cutoff -0.03
5. Maximum times to report the same elements -10
6. Apply Distribution Factor to Contingency Analysis - Yes
7. Apply Distribution Factor to FCITC Reports - Yes
8. Minimum Contingency Case flow change - 1 MW
9. Minimum Contingency Case Distribution Factor change - 0.0
10. Minimum Distribution Factor for Transfer Sensitivity Analysis - 0.0
